Procurement Procedures

Balasore Social Service Society Balasore (BSSS)



(Revised in 2024)

Balasore Social Service Society Vivekananda Marg, Balasore - 756001

CONTENTS	Page
Introduction	3
The Basic Principles	3
Maintaining a List of Suppliers	4
Petty Cash Purchase	4
Quotations	5
Tenders	5
Term Contracts	7
Receipt of and Payment for Goods Delivered	7
Administration of Service Contracts	7
Centralised Procurement	8
Purchase of Food	8
Feedback on Quality of Goods and Services	8
Conflict of Interest	9
Promulgation of Guidelines	10

Introduction

For the provision of social services, Balasore Social Service Society, Balasore is often required to procure goods and services such as furniture and equipment, computers and office stationery, food for elderly persons receiving residential care, renovation works, cleaning or transportation services, etc. A sound procurement system is important to BSSS because it helps to ensure that the goods and services are purchased in an open, fair and competitive manner and that they represent value for money. It also helps to minimise opportunities for abuse.

From a corruption prevention point of view, BSSS should ensure that the procurement system adopted has adequate checks and balance to prevent possible malpractice or corruption as well as to enhance accountability in the use of public funds.

This Best Practices Module aims to provide BSSS with a checklist of good practices in the procurement of goods and services, in addition to the instructions and guidelines which the Social Welfare Department and the Lotteries Fund may issue from time to time.

The Basic Principles

A sound procurement system should have the following basic control measures:

☐ The duties of staff involved in a procurement process should be appropriately segregated (e.g. where practicable, different staff should be assigned to compile user specifications, source suppliers, issue purchase orders, accept goods upon delivery and certify invoices for payment).

☐ There should be appropriate authorisation levels for making procurement up to specified financial limits.

☐ Instructions or guidelines should be issued on the appropriate procurement methods to be used i.e. open or restricted tender for high-value purchases, written or verbal quotations for low value purchases.

☐ The circumstances under which the required procurement methods may be waived should be specified (e.g. urgent purchases) and any such cases should be approved or endorsed by a senior staff member vested with the authority.

Maintaining a List of Suppliers

It is useful for BSSS to compile a list of suitable suppliers for frequently required goods or services as this helps to ensure that eligible suppliers are invited to bid ina fair and open manner. It also reduces the time required for sourcing a supplier each and every time a purchase is made. The following points should be taken into consideration in compiling and maintaining suppliers' list:

- ☐ The criteria to be used in determining the addition of any suppliers to the list should be well-defined and should ensure that they can provide the goods or services of the required standard at a competitive price. Suppliers who no longer meet this criteria or have a poor performance record should be deleted from the list.
- ☐ If it is decided to invite several suppliers on the list to bid, the method of selection should be specified to ensure equity (e.g. by rotation).
- Periodical reviews should be conducted to evaluate whether any existing suppliers should remain on the list, having regard to their record of performance and responsiveness to invitations to tender or quotation. Any new qualified suppliers should also be added to the list.
- ☐ The list should be approved with adequate justifications preferably by a panel of staff or a senior staff member.

Petty Cash Purchase

Purchases with funds from the petty cash imprest account should only be made for items of low value. Payment should be made against an invoice or a claim duly certified by an authorised staff member.

Quotations

Written or verbal quotations should be sought if the value of the goods or service to be procured warrants a competitive process but does not justify a tender exercise. The following measures help to minimise manipulation of quotations:

- ☐ The conditions under which a purchase should be made by written or verbal quotations should be specified.
- The minimum number of suppliers to be invited for quotations should be specified.
- All verbal quotations should be confirmed in writing or clearly documented.
- ☐ Supervisory checks should be conducted on the quotations received.
- ☐ There should be adequate security measures to prevent possible leakage or tampering of written quotations. One recommended measure is that they should be kept under lock as soon as they are received. If a fax machine is used for receiving quotations, it should be placed next to the staff member responsible for their safekeeping in an area which is not readily accessible to other BSSS staff.
- ☐ If verbal quotations are obtained through e-mail, a dedicated computer terminal with adequate security control and restricted access to the authorised staff member only should be used.
- ☐ To prevent order splitting as a way to circumvent the prescribed procurement method to be used, the minimum period of time between repeated purchases of the same item should be specified and random supervisory checks should be conducted.

Procurement Criteria (Regular Emergency)		
Amount	Quote	Approvals
5,000-15,000	1 Quote	Purchase request approved by Director. Purchase Order approved by Director.
15,001 – 50,000	2 Quote	Purchase request approved by reporting lead in consultation with the Director. Purchase Order approved by the Director.
50,001 - 5,00,000	3 Quote	Purchase Request approved by reporting lead in consultation with the Director. Purchase Order approved by the Director.

Any purchase exceeding 5,00,000 requires 3 quotations and the Purchase Order is approved by the Director.

Procurement Criteria (Ex	treme Nature En	nergency (such as Covid 19)
Amount	Quote	Approvals
Up to 25,000	1 Quote	Purchase request approved by Director. Purchase Order approved by Director.
25,001 – 25,00,000	2 Quote	Purchase request approved by reporting lead in consultation with the Director. Purchase Order approved by the Director.
Above 25,00,000	2 Quote	Purchase Request approved by reporting lead in consultation with the Director. Purchase Order approved by the Director.

Tenders

Competitive tendering should be conducted for procuring goods and services of high value. The following control measures help to ensure an open, fair and competitive selection process.

- ☐ The conditions under which a tender exercise may be waived should be specified (e.g. for purchases of items urgently required or there is only a sole supplier for the goods or services in question). Any such cases together with written justifications should be approved by the designated authority.
- ☐ The tender documents should include a note to warn tenderers that they should not offer any advantages to any Management Board or staff member of a BSSS in relation to the contract.
- ☐ The specifications of the required goods or services together with broad tender evaluation criteria should be set out in the tender documents.
- ☐ Tenders should be deposited into a double-locked tender box with the keys held by separate staff members.
- ☐ Tenders should be opened by a tender opening team comprising at least two staff members of the BSSS.
- ☐ Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, with the original copy passed to a tender assessment panel for evaluation and the duplicate kept securely and separately by a responsible staff member.
- Late tenders should not be accepted.
- A summary of all tenderers and their price offers should be prepared for the record on file as soon as the tenders are opened.

☐ If a tenderer has made any amendments on the tender bid, they should be marked and initialled by members of the tender opening team to prevent any subsequent alteration or amendment.
☐ If the lowest conforming tender is not selected, full written justifications should be provided on file.
☐ If the price is not the only consideration, tenders should be evaluated in accordance with predetermined criteria, preferably by a tender assessment panel.
☐ The recommended supplier should be considered and approved by the BSSS's Management Board or an appointed tender board.
☐ All unsuccessful bidders should be notified of the tender result.
☐ The name and tender price of the successful tenderer should be disclosed to unsuccessful bidders upon request to enhance transparency.
☐ If post-tender negotiation is considered necessary(e.g. in a single tender case), it should be conducted by at least two staff members with prior approval from the BSSS's

Term Contracts

If it is necessary to make frequent and repeated purchases of goods or services (e.g. rice and frozen meat etc.), a BSSS may consider the appointment of term contractors as this helps to save the time and resources required in obtaining quotations for making every purchase and to prevent the possibility of favouring any single supplier.

Receipt of and Payment for Goods Delivered

Management Board or an appointed tender board.

To prevent possible malpractice (e.g. failing to report any short supply of goods ordered), the following control measures should be adopted in accepting goods upon delivery and in making payment.

Goods delivered should be inspected (or tested as necessary) and counted against the
purchase order and the delivery note. Random supervisory checks should be conducted both
on the quality and quantity of the goods delivered as a means to detect any possible
irregularities.

Acceptance of goods upon delivery should be certified by designated staff members.

☐ Suppliers should be required to issue bills or invoices for payment at the time of the delivery of goods or quickly afterwards. Audit checks should be conducted on these bills or invoices.
☐ Payments for goods or services should be made against duly certified invoices, bills, receipts or claims within specified time limits to avoid any undue delay.
\square Cheques should be signed by at least two authorised signatories within their specified financial limits.
Regular reports on payments made for the procurement of goods and services should be made available to the Management Board or the head of the BSSS for information. Any discrepancies and the result of the investigation should be immediately brought to their attention.
Administration of Service Contracts
If a contractor is engaged to provide a service (e.g. Cleaning service), it is important that a system is in place to closely monitor the contractor's performance to avoid the possibility of any staff member corruptly colluding with the contractor to attempt to cover up substandard services. The following measures help the management of a BSSS in closely monitoring the standard of service provided by a contractor.
Contract conditions should set out in detail the agreed requirements such as the expected quality or standard of service to be provided, the schedule of rates, the provisions for contract variation and any consequent fee adjustments, and penalties for default or poor service. A probity clause should be added to the terms of contract to stipulate that the contract may be terminated if the contractor or his employees have committed a corruption offence in relation to the contract.
A system of inspection should be established to check the quality of services provided.
☐ Regular meetings should be held with the contract or to discuss problems and review service standards.
$\hfill\square$ A performance appraisal system should be used to assess and monitor a contractor's performance.
☐ The responsible management staff of the BSSS should impose appropriate sanctions on a contractor for any unsatisfactory performance (issue verbal or written warnings, raise claims for damages or arrange for early termination of the contract).

Centralised Procurement

For common items used in large quantities by several centres operated by a BSSS, consideration may be given to make bulk purchases centrally by the headquarters to achieve better internal control and economy of scale.

Purchase of Food

BSSS providing meal service are required to make daily purchase of food for service users. While the procurement method used may differ from BSSS to BSSS depending on the number of service users in a centre or the number of centres operated by the same sponsoring body, it is important that there should be adequate supervisory checks to ensure that the price is competitive and that there are no irregularities both in terms of the quality and quantity of food purchased. For this purpose, centre supervisors or delegated staff members should conduct random surprise checks on the quantity and quality of food purchased and on the market prices of the same food items at reasonable intervals.

Feedback on Quality of Goods and Services

Staff members of a BSSS should be encouraged to give feedback to a designated officer on the quality of goods and services procured so that any problems with any particular supplier or contractor can be brought to the attention of the BSSS management as early as possible.

Conflict of Interest

A conflict of interest is a situation in which the interest of the BSSS competes or is in conflict with the financial or personal interests of a Management Board or staff member. Allegations of favouritism, abuse of authority or corruption may be made against any Management Board or staff member of a BSSS if his dealings with a supplier or contractor in relation to the BSSS's business give rise to any actual or perceived conflict of interest. Management Board or staff members of a BSSS should therefore be required to avoid any conflict of interest and, if this is unavoidable, to make a declaration for a management decision as to whether they should abstain from the procurement exercise. The following are the essentials of an effective declaration of interest system:

- BSSS should draw up rules on conflict of interest to be re-circulated at annual intervals to Management Board and staff members.
- Any Management Board or staff member of a BSSS involved in identifying, evaluating or selecting suppliers should be reminded to declare any possible conflict of interest with any supplier and, where appropriate, abstain from the evaluation or decision making process.
- ☐ BSSS staff appointed to place orders or accept goods upon delivery or monitor the performance of contractors should also be reminded to declare any possible conflict of interest.

- ☐ Declarations of conflict of interest should be made in writing or recorded in notes of meeting as appropriate.
- A Management Board or staff member who has declared a conflict of interest should, as appropriate, refrain from handling the matter or there should be sufficient monitoring by the Board or senior staff to ensure impartiality.
- ☐ Guidelines on conflict of interest should include useful examples to assist Management Board or staff members of a BSSS in making declarations or taking steps to avoid such conflicts. Examples of conflict of interest situations related to procurement matters include:
 - A Management Board or staff member in a BSSS takes part in the selection of suppliers or contractors, and one of them under consideration is his family member, relative or close personal friend.
 - A Management Board or staff member in a BSSS has a financial interest in a company under consideration for selection as the BSSS's supplier of goods or services.
 - A Management Board or staff member in a BSSS accepts frequent or lavish entertainment or expensive gifts from the BSSS's suppliers or contractors.

Promulgation of Guidelines

It is important that the policy, guidelines and procedures on procurement are promulgated, and updated regularly, to ensure consistency in practices. Any deviations from the guidelines should be justified and endorsed by the management.

BSSS should consider issuing guidelines in the form of a manual, which should include the rules on conflict of interest and acceptance of advantages (to prevent possible breaches of the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance). In small BSSS, circulars may be issued as appropriate.

Signature of the Board members

Bishop Varghese Thottamkara Souru, (President)

Fr. Jose Areserril. (Member)

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Fr. Paul Koonamparampath, (Member)

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Fr. Cherian Kizhikandayil, (Member)

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